Barnburgh Primary
Academy
Progression Document Design Technology

## Barnburgh Primary Academy Vision

## Learning To Shine Together

## Academy Core Values

## Perseverance Courage Independence Respect Ambition



Key Drivers

## PURPOSE OF STUDY



 design and technology education makes an essential contribution to the creativity, culture, wealth and well-being of the nation.

## The national curriculum for design and technology aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world
- build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users
- critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others
- understand and apply the principles of nutrition and learn how to cook
EARLY LEARNING GOALS THAT LINK MOST CLOSELY TO THE DESIGN TECHNOLOGY NATIONAL CURRICULUM


## KEY STAGE 1 SUBJECT CONTENT

 contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:
Design

- design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Make

- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Evaluate

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria


## Technical knowledge

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products
 creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life.

Pupils should be taught to:

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from.


## KEY STAGE 2 SUBJECT CONTENT

 contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment].

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:
Design

- use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

Evaluate

- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world


## Technical knowledge

- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]
- understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]
- apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products
 creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life.

Pupils should be taught to:

- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.


## INTENT


 combine practical skills with an understanding of aesthetic, social and environmental issues, as well as functions and industry.


## COURAGE

- To know that mistakes are part of Design \& Technology and to understand learning from mistakes are part of the process to reaching a high-quality outcome
- To have the courage to explore and innovate using D\&T.


## PERSEVERANCE

- To develop the ability to stick with something, to continue working, re design and to re-evaluate, and most importantly - to never give up.
- To understand the perseverance and dedication that is needed to work successfully in D\&T and to see a project turn from a design into a real-life model


## AMBITION

- To do their best work and then to push themselves beyond what they consider to be their best
- To develop a desire to achieve something and to make a design come to life.


## RESPECT

- To respect the ambition and work of their peers.
- To respect equipment used in D\&T lessons.


## INDEPENDENCE

- To develop confident learners, who understand that Design and Technology is a process that requires constant attention to detail.
- To develop resilient designers who have the confidence to think and overcome issues independently.


## BEYOND THE SUBJECT

We want our art curriculum to help children to;

- Think creatively in all aspects of their life
- See the world from different perspectives
- Increase their empathy
- Observe and look closer at the world around them
- See design connections in the world


## IMPLEMENTATION


 home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment).

When designing and making, the children are taught to:

## Design

- Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design


## Make

- Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing) accurately
- Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities


## Evaluate

- Investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world


## Technical Knowledge

- Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- Understand and use mechanical systems in their products
- Understand and use electrical systems in their products
- Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products
 Design and Technology; that they learn about real life structures and the purpose of specific examples, as well as developing their skills throughout the programme of study.


## Food and Nutrition at KS2

 creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed themselves and others, affordably and well, now and in later life

## Pupils should be taught to:

- Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- To understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed
Our children will have a clear enjoyment and confidence for Design and Technology, that they will hopefully then apply to other areas of the curriculum. The children will ultimately know more, remember more and understand
more about Design and Technology, demonstrating this knowledge when using tools or skills in other areas of the curriculum and in opportunities out of school. The large majority of children will achieve age related
expectations in Design and Technology. As designers, hhildren will develop skills and atributes they can use beyond shool and into adulthood.
The children will be able to showcase their knowledge through work and projects. Monitoring of the D\&T curriculum takes place once a term, allowing school leaders to ensure that every child has the opportunity to develop
their skills and understanding.

|  | AUTUMN 1 | AUTUMN 2 | SPRING 1 | SPRING 2 | SUMMER 1 | SUMMER 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR 1 |  |  | Nutrition and healthy eating - Making coleslaw <br> design purposeful, functional, appealing based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information, $\begin{aligned} & \text { and } \\ & \text { communication technology }\end{aligned}$ and select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] select from and use a wide range of materials and components, $\begin{array}{lll}\text { construction } & \text { materials, } \\ \text { ingredients, } & \text { textiles and } \\ \text { according to their }\end{array}$ characteristics explore and evaluate a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria use the basic principles of a healthy and varied dies to understand where food comes from. <br> Textiles - Fabric collage design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users prosed on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, communication technology select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction ingredients materials, according textiles and and ingredients, explore and evaluate a range of existing products design criteria | Construction - Constructing bridges design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate $\begin{array}{llr}\text { their ideas through talking, } & \text { drawing, } \\ \text { templates, } & \text { mock-ups and, } & \text { where } \\ \text { appropriate, } & \text { information } & \text { and }\end{array}$ communication technology select from and use a range of tools and example, cutting, shaping, joining and select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients ingredients, explore and evaluate a range of existing products eveluate their ideas and products against design criteria made strotures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products. |  |  |
| CROSS CURRICULAR LINKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ENRICHMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| YEAR 3 |  | Construction- Electric toys generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer- aided de use research and develop desi aided de use research and develop design criteria to inform the desigin of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purposes, aimed at particular individuals or groups generate communicate dop, model and discussion, annotateed sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computerselect from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks Ifor example, cutting, shaping, ioining and <br>  select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional investigate and analyse a range of existing products <br> evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world apply their under strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures understand and use mechanical systems in their products ffor example, gears, puleys cams, levers and linkages] understand and use electrical systems in their rooducts for example series circuits ther pporautsts fiot example, sentes circuits motors] apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CROSS CURRICULAR LINKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ENRICHM |  |  |  |  |  |  |




| YEAR 6 |  |  |  |  | Construction - Anderson Shelter <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided de use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided design <br> select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately <br> select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities investigate and analyse a range of existing products <br> evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures <br> understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors] <br> apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products | Nutrition and healthy eating - <br> Three course meal <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided de use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at individuals or groups generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. <br> Textiles - Pencil case <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided de use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities investigate and analyse a range of existing products <br> evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world |
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| $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | DESIGN |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EYFS | KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology |  | KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided de use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design |  | KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided de use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design |  |
|  | EYFS | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
|  | Children will know: | Children will know: <br> - That their own ideas can be used to design a product <br> - That they will need to follow a process to create a product <br> - That their product is designed for a reason <br> - That their product will work in a specific way <br> - That they can use pictures and words to plan what a product will look like/ operate <br> - That a design criteria are the really important goals that must be achieve in order for a project to be successful. <br> - That they can follow a design criteria as a guide to help construct a product <br> - That they can use similar existing products to assist their design | Children will know: <br> - That their own ideas can be used to design a product <br> - That their product will need to be fit for purpose <br> - That their product will work in a specific way <br> - That their design is suitable for a specific user <br> - That they can use picture, words and diagrams to design a product <br> - That they should follow a design criteria when completing a project/ product <br> - That an existing product is something that is already made and you can purchase <br> - That their knowledge of existing products will help them produce their own ideas <br> - That different tools are available to create a product | Children will know: <br> - That their design will need to meets a range of requirements <br> - That there is a specific purpose of their product <br> - That they will need to follow a specific design criteria <br> - How to create a product <br> - That a plan is used to show the other, equipment and tools they will use <br> - That they can accurately label a sketch <br> - That a prototype is a first version of a product <br> - That a prototype can be made using original ideas to ensure suitability <br> - That a product will work if the design criteria is followed correctly <br> - That they can use computers to show different designs | Children will know: <br> - That research can be used to design individual ideas <br> - That their design is fit for purpose <br> - That they can use an annotated sketch to design a product <br> - That improvements can be made to a product <br> - That the correct vocabulary should be used to explain a product design to others <br> - That certain resources are available to complete a design <br> - That they can make prototypes of a product <br> - That they can use computers to show a series of different designs | Children will know: <br> - That the internet can be used for research and design ideas <br> - That the user's views need to be considered when designing <br> - That they need to consider the needs/wants of the user when designing and ensure the product is fit for purpose <br> - That they will need to develop their own design criteria to complete the design of a product <br> - That a logical, realistic plan is necessary <br> - That their product will clearly work and how this will happen <br> - That they can use pattern pieces to refine and design ideas <br> - That computer-aided design is a process that allows us to digitally create 2D drawings or 3D models | Children will know: <br> - That market research is the process of gathering and analyzing information about a product in order to gain insight into customers, competitors, and the market itself <br> - That a specification is a set of design criteria created before a process begins <br> - That a logical plan is a plan that includes the correct steps <br> - That an exploded diagram is a diagram or picture that shows the relation ship or order of assembly of various parts. <br> - That pattern pieces can be used to model and refine different design ideas <br> - That computer-aided design is a process that allows us to digitally create 2D drawings or 3D models |
|  |  | Children will be able to: <br> - Explain what ideas are <br> - Describe they want to do <br> - Explain what their product is for <br> - Explain their product will work <br> - Use pictures and words to plan <br> - Follow a simple design criteria <br> - Look at similar existing products | Children will be able to: <br> - Have their own ideas for a product and plan what to do next <br> - Explain what they want to do and describe how they will do it <br> - Explain the purpose of the product <br> - Explain how their product will work <br> - Explain how the product is suitable for the user <br> - Create a design using pictures, words and diagrams <br> - Design products for the individual and others following a design criteria <br> - Choose the best tools and materials, and give reasons for their choices <br> - Use their knowledge of existing products to produce individual ideas | Children will be able to: <br> - Create a design that meets a range of requirements <br> - Explain the purpose of their product <br> - Follow a given design criteria <br> - Create a product <br> - Create a plan with shows the other, equipment and tools they will use <br> - Accurately label a sketch <br> - Make design decisions <br> - Explain what a prototype is <br> - Design a prototype <br> - Explain how the product will work <br> - Use computers to show designs (with support) | Children will be able to: <br> - Use research to design their own ideas <br> - Show their design meets a range of requirements and is fit for purpose <br> - Have at least one idea about how to create a product and suggest improvements for their design <br> - Produce a plan and explain it to others <br> - Say how realistic their plan is <br> - Make an annotated sketch of their design <br> - Make and explain their design decisions considering the resources they have available <br> - Explain how their product will work <br> - Design a prototype <br> - Begin to use computers to show their design | Children will be able to: <br> - Use the internet for research and design ideas <br> - Take a user's views into account when designing <br> - Begin to consider the needs/wants of the user when designing and ensure their product is fit for purpose <br> - Create their own design criteria <br> - Have a range of ideas <br> - Produce a logical, realistic plan and explain it to others <br> - Use planning and annotated sketches <br> - Make design decisions considering time and resources Clearly explain how parts of a product will work <br> - Model and refine design ideas by making prototypes and using pattern pieces (with support) <br> - Use computer-aided designs | Children will be able to: <br> - Draw on market research to inform their design <br> - Take a user's needs, wants and requirements into account <br> - Identify features of their design that will appeal to the user <br> - Create their own design criteria and specification <br> - Create innovative design ideas <br> - Follow and refine a logical plan <br> - Use annotated sketches, crosssectional planning and exploded diagrams <br> - Make design decisions, considering the resources and cost <br> - Clearly explain how parts of a product will work and how it is fit for purpose <br> - Independently model and refine design ideas by making prototypes and using pattern pieces <br> - Use computer-aided designs |
| VOCABULARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Ideas <br> Product <br> Design criteria <br> Existing | Purpose Suitable User Diagram Tools | Requirements Equipment Sketch Prototype | Research <br> Annotated sketch Realistic | Questionnaire Fit for purpose Logical Computer-aided design Pattern pieces | Market research Individual needs Features Specification Exploded design Pattern pieces |



| EVALUATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum explore and evaluate a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria |  | KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum investigate and analyse a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world |  | KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum investigate and analyse a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world |  |
| EYFS | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 山⿱山⿱一⿱㇒⿴囗⿱一一寸 } \\ & \text { 岂 } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Children will know： <br> －That their work links to what they were asked to do <br> －That existing products are available，to consider their uses， materials，how they work and where they might be used <br> －That they can identify what is good and what is not good about an existing product <br> －That certain changes could make a product better | Children will know： <br> －That they can use a design criteria to assess what went well <br> －That existing products are available and it is important to considering their uses，materials， how they work and where they might be used <br> －That a personal opinion is a belief or judgment that is not proof or certain <br> －That they can evaluate how good existing products are | Children will know： <br> That they can use a design criteria <br> That evaluating existing products helps us to consider how well they have been made，what materials were used，how they have been made，if they work and if they are fit for purpose <br> －That products are designed by <br> －That people，in certain locations That some inventors，designers engineers and manufacturers created group－breaking products． Such as；IPhone（Apple）． | Children will know <br> product can evaluate their criteria <br> －There they can use a range of <br> ideas to change a design <br> －That they can begin to evaluate existing products，considering how well they have been made， what materials were used，how they have been made，if they work and if they are fit for purpose <br> －That products are designed by certain people，in certain locations <br> －That reused means to use again that can be turned into a reusable material． <br> －That materials can be reused and recycled．Including；plastic， glass and paper． <br> －Such as；lightbulb（Thomas Edison），iPhone（Apple）and the phone（Alexander Graham phone（Alexander Graham Bell）， | Children will know： <br> their product against a design criteria <br> －That specification means a detailed description of the design and materials used to make a product． That appearance means what something important <br> －That there is a process to test a fina <br> －product <br> That they can evaluate existing products，considering how well they have been made，what materials were used，how they have been made，if they work and if they are fit for purpose <br> varied varied prices to make，depending on <br> its materials <br> That innovative products are new products that are created and released <br> That sustainable means that it can be maintained <br> －That some inventors，designers， engineers and manufacturers created group－breaking products． Such as；lightbulb（Thomas Edison）， computers（Charles Babbage）， Phone（Apple）and the phorander Graham Bell）． （Alex | Children will know： <br> of their product of their criteria <br> ideas and can evaluate their own against specification，stating if it fit for purpose <br> －That there is a process to test a final product <br> －That they can evaluate existing <br> －That different products can cost varied prices to make，depending on its materials <br> －That innovative products are new products that are created and released <br> －That sustainable means that it can be maintained <br> －That a range of materials that are sustainable．Including plastic， wood and steel． <br> －That the impact of some products can go beyond their intended purpose－Mobile phones． <br> －About some inventors，designers， engineers and manufacturers of group－breaking products．Such as lightbulb（Thomas Edison）， computers（Charles Babbage）， （Alexander Graham Bell）． |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{3} \\ & \frac{3}{n} \end{aligned}$ | Children will be able to <br> －Talk about their work，linking it to <br> what they were asked to do <br> －Talk about existing products， considering their uses，materials， how they work and where they might be used <br> －Identify yhat is good and what isn＇t good about an existing product <br> －Talk about things that other <br> －people have made <br> make a producout what could make a product better | Children will be able to <br> －Describe what went well，thinking about the design criteria <br> －Talk about existing products are available，considering their uses， materials，how they work and <br> －Give their own personal opinion about a product <br> －Evaluate how good existing products are <br> －Talk about what they would do differently if they were to do it again and why | Children will be able to <br> －Refer to the design criteria when <br> －Use the design criteria <br> －their finished product to evaluate <br> －Identify what they would change <br> －Evaluate existing products， considering how well they have been made，what materials were used，how they have been made，if purpose <br> －Begin to understand by whom， when and where products were designed <br> －Talk about some inventors， designers，engineers and manufacturers of group－breaking products． | Children will be able to <br> －Refer to the design criteria <br> －Use the design criteria to <br> －Idealuate their finished product <br> －Identify how they could improve <br> －Evaluate existing products， considering how well they have been made，what materials were used，how they have been made，if they work and if they are fit for purpose <br> －Research whether products can be reused or recycled <br> －Begin to understand by whom， designed where products were <br> －Talk about some inventors， designers，engineers and manufacturers of gro breaking products． | Children will be able to： Evaluate the quality of their design while they are designing and making Evaluate ideas and their finished product against the specification， considering purpose and appearance <br> －Test and evaluate their final design considering how well they， made，what materials werave been how they have been made，if they work and if they are fit for purpose <br> Research how sustainable materials <br> －Talk about some inventors， designers，engineers and products． | Children will be able to design while they are designing Keep checking their design is the best it can be <br> Evaluate ideas and their finished product against the specification， appearance <br> －Test and evaluate their final product：explaining what would mprove it and the effect different resources may have had Evaluate existing products thoroughly，considering how well they have been made，what materials were used，how they if they are fit for purpose <br> －Evaluate how much products cost to make and how innovative they Res Research and discuss how sustainable materials are Consider the impact of products beyond their intended purpose Talk about some inventors， designers，engineers and manufacturers of group |





KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum
use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
understand where food comes from

EYFS

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KS2 Design and Technology National Curric
KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum
prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.

## KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet

prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.

| YEAR 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Children will know: |
| - The basic principles of a healthy |
| and varied diet to prepare dishes | That different foods comes from a variety of places

available
analo
ingredients that processed into ingredients that can then
eaten or used in cooking
That different food and contain nutrients, water and fibre That certain equipment will be needed to create a dish, with
support
Support
That specifici ingredients will be
needed to make soup, with needed tor
support
That a range of techniques such
as peeling chopping, slicing as peeling, chopping, slicing,
grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking may be needed to construct a dish That a step-by-step method will
need to be followed to write a need to
recipe
recipe
That the ingredients needed to make soup are; onion, tomatoes, carrot, celery, olive oil, tomato
puree, sugar and bay leaves.

Children will be able to:
Explain the basic principles of a
healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
Identify where most food comes from
Explain Explain that seasons may affect the food available Explain how food is processed into ingredients that can be eate or used in cooking
Explain that different food and
drink contain nutrients, wate drink contain nutrients, water
and fibre - that are needed for health
Select equ

- Select equipment and ingredients Use a range of techniques, confidently
Follow a step-by-step method
carefully to write recipe
Make soup

Children will know:
That specific equipment will need
to be used to be used
That certain ingredients will need to be used
That it is important to make their
product look attractive That there is a process to grow plants to use in cooking Where food comes from. That different food and drink
contain different substances That a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing,
grating, mixing, spreading grating, mixing, spreading, kneeded to construct a dish That a recipe is needs to include the correct quantities
That it is possible to adapt a
recipe
That it is
timescale
What ingredients are needed to
make a three-course meal

Children will be able to:
Explain the basic principles of a
healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
Identify where most food comes from Explain that seasons may affect the food available
Explain how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten
or used in cooking or used in cooking Usect a range of techniquredients confidently
Make their product look attractive Follow a recipe, including using
the correct quantities of each ingredient
Adapt a recipe based on research Work to a given timescale


| CONSTRUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum |  | KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum |  | KS2 Design and Technology National Curriculum |  |
|  | EYFS | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | Children will know: <br> was an Anderson shelter was one of the many forms of protection that people used War II. <br> - That Anderson shelters were constructed in people's gardens and were buried in the ground halfway and covered over with a thick layer of earth. <br> - That sturdy means strongly and <br> - Solidly built <br> - That waterproof means not letting water through |
|  |  |  |  | - | - | - | Children will be able to: <br> - Make an Anderson shelter that fits their design brief <br> - Use a range of materials: XXXXX <br> to make an Anderson shelter <br> - Make an Anderson shelter that is sturdy <br> - Make an Anderson shelter that is waterproof |
| vocabulary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Anderson shelter } \\ \text { Air rids } \\ \text { Construt } \\ \text { Sturdyt } \\ \text { waterproof } \end{array}$ |



| DESIGN TECHNOLOGY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EYFS | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Children will present their Design \& Technology learning at the ASPIRE event. They will be able to talk about their learning process. <br> include questions for parents to <br> Fabric collage <br> Coleslaw <br> Bridges | Children will present their Design \& Technology learning at the ASPIRE event. They will be able to talk about their learning process. include: include: <br> Hand puppets <br> Plant pot boxes | Children will present their Design \& Technology learning at the ASPIRE event. They will be able to talk about their learning process. include: <br> Egyptian collar <br> Scones <br> Electric toys | Children will present their Design \& Technology learning at the ASPIRE event. They will be able to talk about their learning process. include: <br> Christmas stocking <br> Bread <br> Night light | Children will present their Design \& Technology learning at the ASPIRE event. They will be able to talk about their learning process. Prompt questions for parents to include: <br> Ancient Greek headdress <br> Tomato Soup <br> Ancient Greek pottery | Children will present their Design \& Technology learning at the ASPIRE event. They will be able to talk about their learning process. <br> include: <br> Pencil case <br> Three course meal <br> Anderson shelter |

